



GUIDELINES FOR ELSA DELEGATIONS TO OHCHR

SEMINARS & CONFERENCES
2023/2024



ELSA
Delegations

elsa

The European Law Students' Association

These Guidelines are based on the previous editions of ELSA International Delegation's Handbook. The current edition of the Guidelines for ELSA Delegations to OHCHR is a result of a joint collaborative work of:

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2019/2020

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2023/2024

And **all the former ELSA Delegates** for providing their invaluable and much-appreciated outputs.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction	4
About the European Law Students' Association	4
ELSA and International Organisations	5
ELSA Delegations	5
Responsibilities of ELSA Delegates	6
The role of the Head of Delegation	8
The Head of Delegation Report	8
Documents and Procedures	9
General Rules of Conduct	11
Attendance	11
Business Cards	11
Dress Code	12
Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR)	12
Location	13
Charter-based Bodies	14
Treaty-based Bodies	15
ELSA Delegations sent to OHCHR	16
General Rules of Procedure for Observers in OHCHR	17
Practical Information for Participation in an ELSA Delegation	17
Logistical Arrangements and Estimated Costs	17
Participation Online	18
Experiences and Tips of Former ELSA Delegates	18
General Preparation	18
Registration on the First Day	18
Plenaries	19
Being Academically Well-Prepared	20
Approaching Other Delegates	20
Final Remarks	21
Useful Contacts	21

Introduction

These guidelines aim to provide appointed ELSA Delegates with all the information necessary to prepare for attending a respective OHCHR session. Any relevant feedback or questions are encouraged, to improve this Guide for future ELSA Delegates.

About the European Law Students' Association

The European Law Students' Association (ELSA) is an international, independent, non-political, not-for-profit organisation run by and for students. It comprises students and recent graduates interested in academic and personal excellence in addition to their studies at their universities. ELSA offers law students a perfect platform to develop their existing skills, acquire new skills and meet fellow students and legal professionals throughout Europe.

Five law students from Austria, Hungary, Poland and West Germany founded ELSA in 1981. Today ELSA is the world's largest independent law student association and it is represented at nearly 432 law faculties in 43 countries across Europe with a membership of over 60,000 students and young lawyers.

ELSA's activities comprise a large variety of academic and professional events and projects organised to fulfil the vision of ELSA and to provide our members with opportunities to enhance their skills and interact with each other. Furthermore, ELSA provides law students with opportunities to develop their skills through our traineeship program and publications. Finally working in the ELSA Network prepares active members of ELSA for their professional life through international experience gained through the association.

Vision

“A just world in which there is respect for human dignity and cultural diversity”

Purpose

The purpose is to contribute to legal education, to foster mutual understanding and to promote social responsibility of law students and young lawyers by:

- providing opportunities for law students and young lawyers to learn about other cultures and legal systems in a spirit of critical dialogue and scientific cooperation;

- assisting law students and young lawyers in being internationally minded and professionally skilled;
- encouraging law students and young lawyers to act for the good of society.

To read more about ELSA, please visit our [website](#).

ELSA and International Organisations

ELSA has gained a notable name and reputation in the international community. For many years now, thanks to having a special status within a number of different international organisations and institutions, allows for its members and alumni to participate in the events organised by those institutions.

ELSA has a special status and cooperation with:

- UN Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)(since 1994);
- UN Economic and Social Council (UN ECOSOC) (since 1997);
- UN Commission on International Trade Law (UNCITRAL) (since 1997);
- UN Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC);
- Council of Europe (CoE) (since 2000);
- Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR);
- World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)(since 2005);
- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)(since 2016);
- Coalition for the International Criminal Court (CICC);
- United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)(since 2022).

ELSA Delegations

ELSA Delegations are regulated in the [International Council Meeting Decision Book](#) under decisions relating to Seminars and Conferences (S&C). The relationship between ELSA and ELSA Delegates is regulated by the [ELSA Delegations Terms and Conditions](#).

To participate in ELSA Delegations, ELSA Members of ELSA Alumni need to fulfil the following requirements:

- the application form shall be submitted before the deadline;

- the application form shall be written in English;
- all of the fields of the application form shall be filled.

Following the submission of an eligible application, ELSA Delegates are appointed by the International Board of ELSA based on a series of requirements [Selection Criteria](#). The Selection Criteria are:

- the quality of the Curriculum Vitae of the Applicant;
- the quality of the motivation letter of the Applicant;
- the level of ELSA knowledge of the Applicant and their contribution to ELSA's activities; and
- the Appreciation of ELSA International.

According to the Terms and Conditions of ELSA Delegations, the Applicant for ELSA Delegations:

- shall be a member of ELSA or its alumni organisation;
- should have a solid ELSA background and an active participation in ELSA's activities;
- should have an academic competence in the field of law connected to the work of the institution and the topic of the event;
- should show the interest in the topic of the respective session and strong motivation to participate in the session.

It is up to the discretion of ELSA International to appoint the members of the Delegation, using the principles of: *objectivity, neutrality and equality*.

Responsibilities of ELSA Delegates

Having a status at OHCHR is a great honour for ELSA and as such, it comes with great opportunities and responsibilities for ELSA Delegates. Therefore, while attending an ELSA Delegation, it is of utmost importance for all ELSA Delegated to comply with the responsibilities as set in the Terms and Conditions.

According to the Terms and Conditions, ELSA Delegates shall:

- Represent ELSA International diligently in a professional manner;
- respect ELSA International's vision: "A just world in which there is respect for human dignity and cultural diversity";
- be aware that ELSA is a non-political and independent organisation and thus, not express any political or partisan views on behalf of ELSA, or any other opinions that could be assimilated into the position of ELSA, during an ELSA Delegation;
- be ready to answer questions about ELSA that may occur from other delegates or representatives during the session;
- be academically well-prepared and familiar with the main points of the respective session and related documents that may be sent to them by ELSA International or be available on the respective session's website;
- attend briefings and meetings regarding the relevant ELSA Delegation, as well as briefings and meetings organised by ELSA International or the Head of Delegation;
- collaborate effectively with fellow ELSA Delegates and, especially, the Head of Delegation;
- report all activities carried out to ELSA International in the Evaluation Form;
- forward all the contacts made during the event to ELSA International;
- request ELSA International in advance for any official positions or statements they wish to make, attaching a summary of the scientific background. The positions or statements can be announced only after the approval of ELSA International;
- fill in a comprehensive survey, which will represent the ELSA Delegation report on the objectives achieved and the means used, including the activities of every member of the delegation and submit it within two (2) weeks after the end of the event to ELSA International. The report shall include the contacts made with individuals and institutions;
- ensure before departing for ELSA Delegations, that he/she is covered by an insurance that protects them from any kind of harm that could result from their travel, stay and attendance to the ELSA Delegation.

The role of the Head of Delegation

The Head of Delegation (HoD) is an ELSA Delegate, who due to an outstanding application, has been appointed by ELSA International to participate in an ELSA Delegation and to coordinate the respective ELSA Delegation during the event.

As the person responsible for the coordination of the ELSA Delegation during the event, it is important for the Head of Delegation to:

- trust their fellow ELSA Delegates as they are carefully chosen by the International Board based on both their academic and ELSA background;
- ensure high quality of work and appearance during the event;
- familiarise other ELSA Delegates with the agenda of the respective meeting for the following day;
- inform ELSA International in case of any problems occurring during the duration of an ELSA Delegation and keep in touch with the Coordinator from ELSA International;
- be the social link between ELSA Delegates since they do not know each other and, in most cases, they are alone in a foreign city;
- be ready to come up with solutions in case the logistics of an ELSA Delegation don't go as expected;
- think and plan activities outside the ELSA Delegation. ELSA Delegations can be a great opportunity for networking and meeting new places;
- ensure that the Evaluation Form and the HoD Report are submitted on time to ELSA International.

The Head of Delegation Report

The Head of Delegation Report is prepared by the HoD after the delegation has finished. The report is a detailed summary of the events of the delegation. Using the template as a guide, the HoD is required to write about: the sessions; any academic preparation undertaken by the delegation; side events; and networking (if the delegation is attended remotely, there may not be anything to write in the networking section). Please refer to the template for more details, and contact your Coordinator if you are unsure about the content of the report.

The report must be 1-3 pages long. The HoD can use any of the notes taken by any of the ELSA delegates during the delegation, and it is often a good idea to do this so that everyone can contribute to the final report in some way. However, it must be the HoD who writes and submits the report.

The HoD has 15 days from the end of the delegation to complete the report. You can confirm the exact deadline with your Coordinator if necessary.

Please email a copy of the completed report to your Coordinator. Make sure to cc in the Director for Delegations (delegations@elsa.org)

Important: to receive the Letters of Participation, the HoD must complete both the report and the ELSA Evaluation Form.

Documents and Procedures

Letter of Confirmation - After their appointment, confirmation, and registration, ELSA Delegates receive the Letters of Confirmation from ELSA International. These letters confirm their appointment as ELSA Delegates and may assist ELSA Delegates in their fundraising efforts. The Letter of Confirmation contains the ELSA Delegate's Name and National Group.

Evaluation Form - After the end of the respective ELSA Delegation, ELSA Delegates are obliged to fill in an online Evaluation Form. The Evaluation Form aims to collect the ELSA Delegates' feedback regarding the course of the meeting attended, topics discussed, and general experience of participating in the project. The collection of ELSA Delegates' feedback helps ELSA International to improve ELSA Delegations and to prepare future ELSA Delegates better.

Letter of Participation - After the Evaluation Form has been filled out by ELSA Delegates, they receive their Letters of Participation. These constitute the official document confirming their attendance to the ELSA Delegation. The Letter of Participation confirms that ELSA Delegates fulfilled their duties related to the participation in the ELSA Delegation and completed the Evaluation Form. The Letter of Participation is individual and contains only the name of the ELSA Delegate.

Making a Statement - The official position or statement of the ELSA Delegation can be announced only after earlier approval by ELSA International. Thus, the willingness to make a statement should be communicated to ELSA International well in advance, before the meeting takes place by sending the statement with a summary of its scientific background. The statement should present a strictly academic point of view, touching the legal aspects of the topic, containing objective and neutral legal inputs or legal opinions on a certain matter discussed during the session. Any statement delivered by ELSA Delegates is seen as the official point of view of the 43 National Groups of ELSA. Therefore, such a statement should stand in line with ELSA's non-political status.

Fundraising - Since participation in an ELSA Delegation can be pricey, ELSA Delegates may consider searching for some funds from:

- foundations. To do this, we highly encourage you to consult your Local/National ELSA officers);
- Government – Public Administration;
- NGOs;
- Law firms;
- Universities;
- the ELSA Network, and more specifically, your National/Local Group.

Some of the **key selling points** of an ELSA Delegation are:

- Provision of information and legislative updates:
 - Personal Report/Summary;
 - Article;
- Distribution of university materials;
- Appearance in materials issued by your Group;
- Promotion, e.g. during events organised by your Group;
- Contacts – Speakers, e.g. participation in the events organised by your Group.

Before approaching any institution, remember to follow the External Relations Procedure set in the International Council Meeting Decision Book and the regulations of your National Group. If you manage to get a sponsor, remember to thank them afterwards and send a professional report with pictures.

General Rules of Conduct

Attendance

It is extremely important for ELSA Delegates to attend all the sessions, in order to show a professional and serious image towards the institutions and organisations. Skipping sessions does not leave a good impression among the other Delegates and it is harmful for the reputation of ELSA. The attendance of ELSA Delegates to the event is monitored by the Head of Delegation each day of the session.

Business Cards

When attending ELSA Delegations, ELSA Delegates have a chance to meet the representatives of Member States or another NGOs. Thus, it is recommended that ELSA Delegates bring business cards with them, as there is a custom of exchanging business cards between the participants of the meeting.

Each ELSA Delegate is responsible for printing their business cards. A template for the ELSA Business Card will be provided to every ELSA Delegate by the respective ELSA Delegations Team Member. The applications such as Canva, or Adobe Acrobat can be used to customise the Business Card.

Dress Code¹

The clothes that the ELSA Delegates wear during the sessions should be formal. The primary objective of the dress code is to show a professional image outwardly by wearing a unified outfit. This will also create a team atmosphere among the ELSA Delegates.

- **Suits** - A suit always looks professional and is the best option. Be sure to keep suits clean and wrinkle-free.
- **Shirts & Tops** - Males should wear a collared button-down shirt. Females may wear a blouse, sweater or button-down shirt. Dresses are also appropriate as long as they are adequate in length. No T-shirts.
- **Pants & Bottoms** - Slacks and suit pants are acceptable, preferably in dark colours. Females may wear skirts but should also wear pantyhose or stockings. Skirts should not be more than two inches above the knee. No jeans or shorts.
- **Shoes** - Females may wear high heels, but they may prove uncomfortable after some time or they can wear oxford-style shoes. Open-toe shoes are not recommended. Males should wear dress shoes. No sneakers or flip-flops.
- **Hair** - The hair should be kept professional at all times; hairstyle should not detract from the overall appearance.

Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR)

The United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) is a specialized agency of the United Nations. The office was established by the UN General Assembly in 1993 in the wake of the 1993 World Conference on Human Rights.

The OHCHR represents the world's commitment to universal ideals of human dignity. It works to promote and protect the human rights that are guaranteed under international law and stipulated in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948. Although respecting and enforcing human rights remain responsibilities residing within a state's domestic power, the High

¹ For further information, you can visit:

https://www.google.com/url?q=https://www.nmun.org/nmun-conduct-expectations.html&sa=D&source=docs&ust=1722324903745425&usg=AOvVaw1L_cU41PPnFSr8Zi3iM5em.

Commissioner provides necessary assistance to governments to fulfil and implement their human rights obligations by offering trainings in the areas of administration of justice, legislative reform, and electoral process. Every year, the OHCHR aims to increase its filed presence in unstable environments, likely to endanger human rights².

OHCHR's thematic priorities are strengthening international human rights mechanisms; enhancing equality and countering discrimination; combating impunity and strengthening accountability and the rule of law; integrating human rights in development and in the economic sphere; widening the democratic space; and early warning and protection of human rights in situations of conflict, violence and insecurity. The main method of work is focused on standard-setting, monitoring and implementation on the ground.

The office is headed by the High Commissioner for Human Rights, who co-ordinates human rights activities throughout the UN System and supervises the Human Rights Council in Geneva, Switzerland. As of September 1, 2018 Michelle Bachelet assumed her mandate as the High Commissioner for Human Rights of the UN.

The Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) works to offer the best expertise and support to the different human rights monitoring mechanisms in the United Nations system: UN Charter-based bodies, including the Human Rights Council, and bodies created under the international human rights treaties and made up of independent experts mandated to monitor State parties' compliance with their treaty obligations. Most of these bodies receive secretariat support from the Human Rights Council and Treaties Division of the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR)³.

Location

The Office of the United Nations Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) is located at the Palais Wilson (52 rue des Pâquis, CH-1201 Geneva, Switzerland). You can find more information about it at www.ohchr.org.

² Human Rights Bodies, available at: <https://www.ohchr.org/EN/HRBodies/Pages/HumanRightsBodies.aspx> (last accessed 9/04/2020).

³ Ibid.

Charter-based Bodies

There are five human rights charter bodies:

- Human Rights Council;
- Universal Periodic Review;
- Commission on Human Rights (replaced by Human Rights Council);
- Special Procedures of the Human Rights Council;
- Human Rights Council Complaint Procedure.

Charter bodies include the former Commission on Human Rights, the Human Rights Council, and Special Procedures. The Human Rights Council held its first meeting on 19 June 2006. This intergovernmental body, which meets in Geneva 10 weeks a year, is composed of 47 elected United Nations Member States who serve for an initial period of 3 years and cannot be elected for more than two consecutive terms. The Human Rights Council is a forum which is empowered to prevent abuses, inequity and discrimination, protect the most vulnerable, and expose perpetrators.

The Human Rights Council is a separate entity from OHCHR. This distinction originates from the separate mandates they were given by the General Assembly. Nevertheless, OHCHR provides substantive support for the meetings of the Human Rights Council, and follow-up to the Council's deliberations⁴.

Special Procedures is the general name given to the mechanisms established by the Commission on Human Rights and assumed by the Human Rights Council to address either specific country situations or thematic issues in all parts of the world. Special Procedures are either an individual - a special rapporteur or independent expert - or a working group. They are prominent, independent experts working voluntarily, appointed by the Human Rights Council.

Special Procedures' mandates usually call on mandate-holders to examine, monitor, advise and publicly report on human rights situations in specific countries or territories, known as country mandates, or on human rights issues of particular concern worldwide, known as thematic

⁴ Ibid.

mandates. All report to the Human Rights Council on their findings and recommendations, and many also report to the General Assembly. They are sometimes the only mechanism that will alert the international community to certain human rights issues, as they can address situations in all parts of the world without the requirement for countries to have ratified a human rights instrument⁵.

OHCHR supports the work of rapporteurs, independent experts and working groups through its Special Procedures Branch (SPB) which services all but one of the thematic mandates and provides centralised support to the Special Procedures as a system. The Field Operations and Technical Cooperation Division (FOTCD) supports the work of country-mandates.

Treaty-based Bodies

There are ten human rights treaty bodies that monitor the implementation of the core international human rights treaties:

- Human Rights Committee (CCPR);
- Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (CESCR);
- Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination (CERD);
- Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW);
- Committee against Torture (CAT);
- Subcommittee on Prevention of Torture (SPT);
- Committee on the Rights of the Child (CRC);
- Committee on Migrant Workers (CMW);
- Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD);
- Committee on Enforced Disappearances (CED).

There are nine core international human rights treaties, the most recent one - enforced disappearance - entered into force on 23 December 2010. Since the adoption of the Universal

⁵ Ibid.

Declaration of Human Rights in 1948, all UN Member States have ratified at least one core international human rights treaty and 80 per cent have ratified four or more⁶.

There are currently ten human rights treaty bodies, which are committees of independent experts. Nine of these treaty bodies monitor implementation of the core international human rights treaties while the tenth treaty body, the Subcommittee on Prevention of Torture, established under the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture, monitors places of detention in States parties to the Optional Protocol.

The treaty bodies are created in accordance with the provisions of the treaty that they monitor. OHCHR supports the work of treaty bodies and assists them in harmonizing their working methods and reporting requirements through their secretariats. Every session held by the committee is preceded by a thematic working group.

ELSA Delegations sent to OHCHR

ELSA sends delegations to the following OHCHR bodies:

- Human Rights Committee (CCPR);
- Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (CESCR);
- Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination (CERD);
- Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW);
- Committee against Torture (CAT);
- Committee on the Rights of the Child (CRC);
- Committee on Migrant Workers (CMW);
- Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD);
- Committee on Enforced Disappearances (CED).

⁶ Ibid.

General Rules of Procedure for Observers in OHCHR⁷

The special procedures of the Human Rights Council are independent human rights experts with mandates to report and advise on human rights from a thematic or country-specific perspective. The system of Special Procedures is a central element of the United Nations human rights machinery and covers all human rights: civil, cultural, economic, political, and social. As of August 1, 2017, there are 44 thematic and 12 country mandates.

With the support of the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR), special procedures undertake country visits; and act on individual cases and concerns of a broader, structural nature by sending communications to States and others in which they bring alleged violations or abuses to their attention; conduct thematic studies and convene expert consultations, contribute to the development of international human rights standards, engage in advocacy, raise public awareness, and provide advice for technical cooperation. Special procedures report annually to the Human Rights Council; the majority of the mandates also report to the General Assembly. Their tasks are defined in the resolutions creating or extending their mandates.

Practical Information for Participation in an ELSA Delegation

Logistical Arrangements and Estimated Costs

While preparing for an ELSA Delegation you will have to book the accommodation and find places for your meals as well as information on how to move around the city. The ELSA Delegations Team, with the help of former ELSA Delegates, has prepared [a document](#) where you can find **recommendations** as well as a **guide on estimated costs** to assist you in the arrangement of your travels and also, your financial planning.

The estimated costs take into account: Accommodation, Meals, and Public Transport within the relevant city. The given data are only examples of the wide spectrum of Accommodation, Meals, and Public Transportation options and are used to illustrate the costs linked to the living expenses in a specific city.

⁷ Special Procedures of the Human Rights Council, available at: <http://www.ohchr.org/EN/HRBodies/SP/Pages/Welcomepage.aspx>, (last accessed 9/04/2020).

Please note that all prices are relevant for the end of the year 2024.

Participation Online

Where there is an option for online participation, ELSA Delegates can attend the sessions of OHCHR online. Online participation, when available, is done via the webcast broadcasted on UN Web TV.

According to the agenda of the meetings for NGOs, delegates can follow only the public meetings scheduled. The Coordinator of OHCHR will share the link to the session on UN web TV closer to the date of the conference.

Experiences and Tips of Former ELSA Delegates

General Preparation

Whilst attending an ELSA Delegation, you will be networking with other delegates. Therefore, make sure you can describe what ELSA is in a few sentences, what is the Association's approach to human rights, what are the flagship projects organised by ELSA whether it has previously sent ELSA Delegates to the institution. In order to access this information, visit elsa.org or contact your Local or National Group.

Understand the whole context of your session, what came before, and what the targets are for future sessions. Go to OHCHR's webpage, and search for the session to which you are going (they are presented on the right side of the page).

It is strongly recommended to take some photos with other ELSA Delegates, delegates, officials or near signboards of important institutions in order to share your experiences with ELSA International and submit your testimonial via the ELSA Delegations Evaluation Form you will have to fill out after your ELSA Delegation, which could be used for the promotion of future ELSA Delegations.

Registration on the First Day

Registration might take some time depending on the number of delegates. Plan at least 60 minutes to register. Fill in the registration form carefully. The registration of the delegates is

usually held in the main building of Palais Wilson or Palais des Nations. Remember to bring with you your QR Code (it has been provided to you in the registration email, you might as well print the entire email and bring it with you: it will help the registration personnel). If requested, fill in the registration form carefully. In the field in which you are asked to write your official position, write 'delegate' or 'head of delegation'.

The registration personnel will give you your badge/ground pass, which has to be worn every day. If you are late and there is no one at the registry be confident and explain the purpose of your security visit. Usually, they treat you with understanding and you will be allowed to enter the OHCHR premises.

Remember to bring your valid ID card or passport (the same you used for registration purposes) and the documents confirming your appointment and registration to the session provided to you by ELSA International and the hosting international organisation!

Plenaries

Remember to arrive at the meeting on time. The working day usually starts around 10 a.m. and ends by 6 p.m., however, the last day of the event can get longer and finish later than that. In the plenary room, every delegation has assigned seats, do not take the seat of another delegation, even if it is empty.

If you are attending the ELSA Delegation for the first time, you may notice that people around speak with different accents and at the very beginning it can be a bit difficult to understand everything. It could take you some time to get used to it, so try to stay tuned and understand. Be careful with the earplugs, they might be quite uncomfortable, in case they do not fit your ear perfectly you can also bring your own headset.

There should be no problem leaving the plenary to take a breath of some fresh air, however, do it discreetly. Ensure your cell phone is silent, and never play with it in plenary.

Make sure you have all the relevant materials with you to be able to follow the discussion. All the session materials published on the OHCHR website are available for free at the reception desk near the entrance to the Session hall.

On the second day of the session ask for the list of participants at the reception. Make sure that the title of our organisation and the names of its delegates are spelt correctly. Later, this list will be included in the draft report of the session prepared by the Secretariat and published on the official webpage of OHCHR.

For the schedules of the session and side and parallel events refer to the handouts. Sometimes additional events or schedule changes will be posted on the notice boards. Attend the NGO briefings in the morning to update the schedule and have the possibility to ask questions concerning timetable matters as well as questions on substance. Attend the linkage caucus in the evenings after the official plenaries in order to connect with other NGOs and have the possibility to ask questions in an informal environment.

Being Academically Well-Prepared

Make sure to prepare for the meeting in advance. Visit the Organisation's homepage and find out what will be discussed at the session you are going to attend. Get an idea of the structure and work of the Organisation. Go to the recommended websites to get an overview of the general topic. Moreover, take a look at the materials provided to you by the respective ELSA Delegations Team Member, as well as materials sent out by the organisation of which meeting you are going to attend.

The work needs to be divided between the ELSA Delegates before coming to the session. In order to be sure that a session will be entirely covered by notes of the ELSA Delegates it is recommended to take notes by turns (for example one ELSA Delegate covering the morning session, another the afternoon). Such a system increases the responsibility of the ELSA Delegates for their part of the work and, eventually, the quality of the covered material. Long presentations made by the authors of studies (papers) should preferably be covered by different ELSA Delegates.

Approaching Other Delegates

When you plan on approaching other delegates, it is suggested to do it with no more than 2 people. While doing so, smile, make visual contact with the person and introduce yourself as a representative of ELSA International. Remember to stay positive, you don't have to be afraid of

the people, moreover, ELSA has gained a good reputation throughout the years, thus a lot of delegates are familiar with our organisation and you can expect a positive response from them.

Final Remarks

We hope that this information will be useful for a productive ELSA Delegation. Should you have any questions, do not hesitate to contact the Coordinator for Human Rights Bodies or the Director for ELSA Delegations, who can assist you and give you any additional information.

Useful Contacts

- Vice President in charge of Seminars and Conferences of the International Board of ELSA - seminarsconferences@elsa.org
- Director for ELSA Delegations: delegations@elsa.org
- Coordinator for OHCHR: dhrbodies@elsa.org